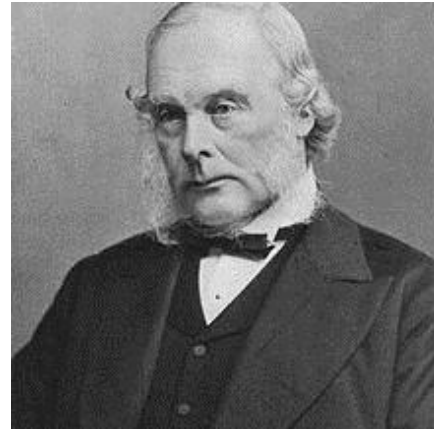
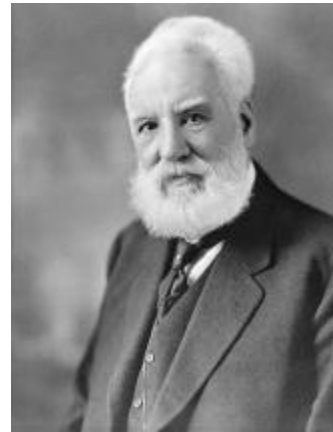


Famous UCL Alumni



Scientists and engineers to have attended UCL include

Marie Stopes,
Alexander Graham Bell,
Francis Crick,
John Ambrose Fleming,
Joseph Lister,
Roger Penrose,
Colin Chapman,
Patrick Head, physicist and astrobiologist
Paul Davies, evolutionary biologist
John Maynard Smith





Artist and Architects

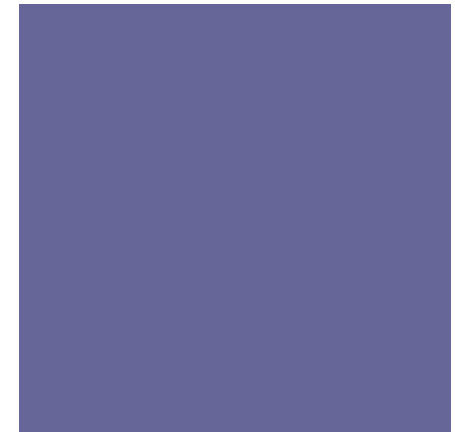
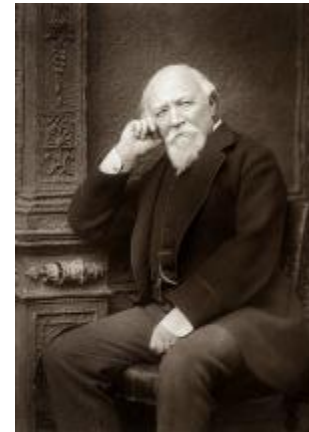
Artists, architects and designers include Antony Gormley, Phyllida Barlow, Richard Hamilton, Martin Creed, Sir William Coldstream, Sir Eduardo Paolozzi, Ben Nicholson and David Mlinaric.





Authors

Authors include **David Crystal, Stella Gibbons, Robert Browning, Rabindranath Tagore, Raymond Briggs and G. K. Chesterton.**





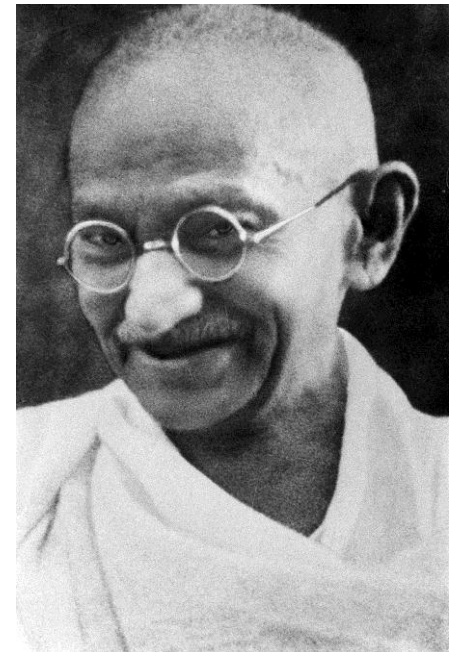
Politicians

Mahatma **Gandhi** (Laws 1889, Indian political and spiritual leader)

Jomo Kenyatta

Hirobumi Ito

Chaim Herzog,





Nobel Prize

THE 2015 NOBEL PRIZE IN
PHYSIOLOGY OR MEDICINE
WILL BE ANNOUNCED IN:29
days



Awarded annually for
Physiology or
Medicine
Chemistry
Physics
Peace
Economic Science
Literature

Established by Alfred Nobel, Swedish chemist who invented Dynamite. He made an enormous fortune but in his will he left most of his money to fund annual prizes that would recognise contributions to improving the world.

+ 29 UCL Noble Laureates

There has been at least one Nobel Laureate who is or was a student or academic at UCL every decade since the establishment of the Nobel Prizes

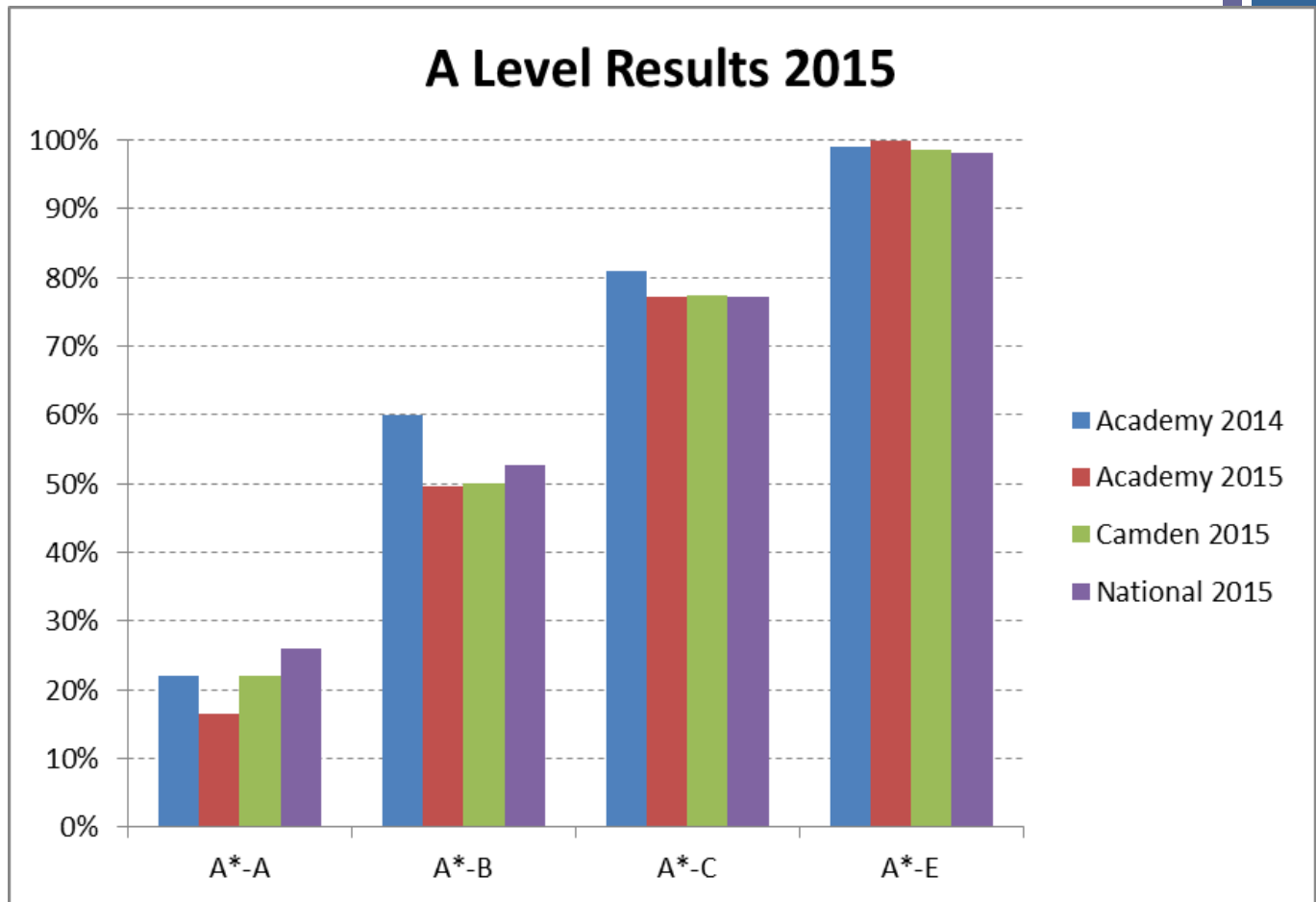
- 1904 Chemistry: **Sir William Ramsay** 1913 Literature: **Rabindranath Tagore** 1915 Physics: **Sir William Henry Bragg** 1921 Chemistry: **Frederick Soddy** 1922 Physiology or Medicine: **Archibald Vivian Hill** 1928 Physics: **Owen Willans Richardson** 1929 Physiology or Medicine: **Sir Frederick Gowland Hopkins** 1936 Physiology or Medicine: **Sir Henry Hallett Dale** 1936 Physiology or Medicine: **Otto Loewi** 1938 Physiology or Medicine: **Corneille Jean Francois Heymans** 1944 Chemistry: **Otto Hahn** 1947 Chemistry: **Sir Robert Robinson** 1955 Chemistry: **Vincent du Vigneaud** 1959 Chemistry: **Jaroslav Heyrovský** 1960 Physiology or Medicine: **Peter Brian Medawar** 1962 Physiology or Medicine: **Francis Harry Compton Crick** 1963 Physiology or Medicine: **Andrew Fielding Huxley** 1967 Chemistry: **George Porter** (Baron Porter of Luddenham) 1970 Physiology or Medicine: **Bernard Katz** 1970 Physiology or Medicine: **Ulf Svante von Euler** 1988 Physiology or Medicine: **Sir James Black** 1991 Physiology or Medicine: **Bert Sakmann** 2000 Economics: **James Heckman** 2001 Physiology or Medicine: **Sir Paul Nurse** 2007 Physiology or Medicine: **Sir Martin Evans** 2009 Physics: **Sir Charles Kao** 2013 Physics: **Peter Higgs** 2013 Physiology or Medicine: **James Rothman** 2014 Physiology or Medicine: **John O'Keefe**

+ Famous Chemist: Sir William Ramsay

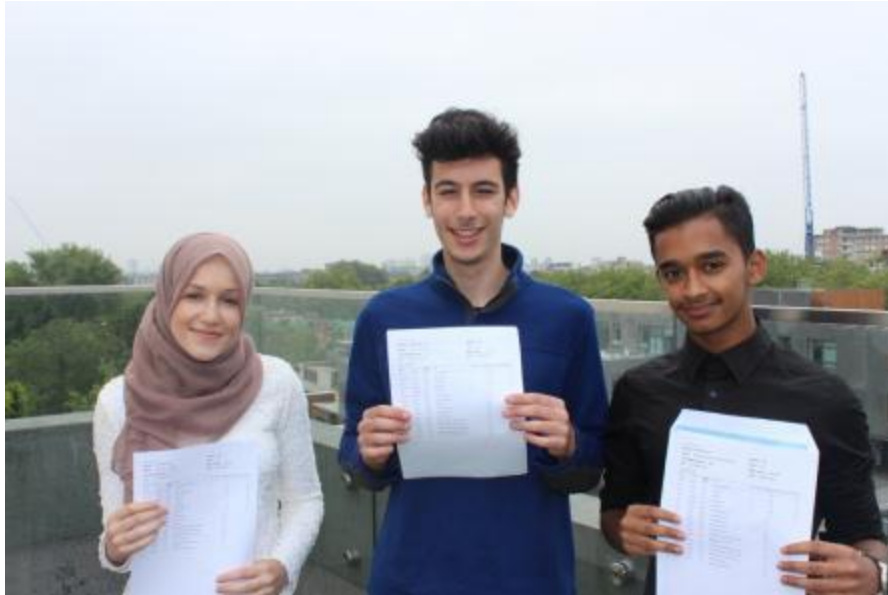
- was arguably one of the most famous scientists of his day.
- Between 1894 and 1898 he discovered five new elements – helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon; commonly known today as the noble gases.



+ A Level Results 2015



+ Destinations 2015



Fahim will be studying
pharmacy at Kings
Adam Medicine at
Manchester
Meriem to study Maths
at Warwick

75 are going straight onto University with more than 50% to Russell group universities including :

10 students to Kings studying Computing, Medicine, Pharmacy , Physics and History

7 to Queen Marys, Maths, Engineering and Pharmaceutical studies

6 to Southampton to study Maths, Physics and Chemistry

+ A level results 2015



**Second best results in
Camden behind
Camden School for
Girls**



What do
they have
in
common?

Excellence

Service

Community

Do ordinary things extraordinarily
well

+ Because



The majority of us will not go on to change the world.....
BUT each of us can change the world for one person...